



Family Preparedness Plan

The Belinda Arroyo Law Office wants to help you, and your family create a Family Preparedness Plan. It's crucial to have a plan ready to make the best decisions in case an emergency happens.

Step 1: Create a Child Care Plan

Make a plan for a trusted adult to care for your child if you are unable to. Your plan should include important contact information, emergency numbers, and documents. This packet includes templates to help you create your plan, whether you want your child to go with you to your home country, if facing deportation, or you want to stay in the United States.

Step 2: Learn About Your Immigration Options

Plan the next steps in your immigration journey. This packet includes information on options you can consider, as well as resources to find reliable immigration help.

Step 3: Know Your Rights

Everyone has rights in this country—whether documented or undocumented. Ensure you, your children, family members, housemates, neighbors, and co-workers know their right to remain silent and all other rights. Resources to help you understand your rights are also included in this packet.

Step 1: Create a Child Care Plan

Decide What Kind of Child Care Plan You Want

There are different ways to arrange care for your children, and we want to make sure you know your options. ***Always consult with an attorney for any questions you have regarding these options.***

1. Verbal Agreement

This option is informal, with both pros and cons. You can verbally let a trusted adult know your plans for your child, and they can agree to care for your child if you cannot. The advantage is that it's simple and doesn't require any legal documents, nor does it affect your parental rights. The disadvantage is that the chosen adult won't have legal authority to care for or make decisions for your child.

2. Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative or Voluntary Caregiver

This legal document allows a nonparent relative or caregiver to make decisions and care for your child without formal custody. This agreement lasts until it is canceled, or its expiration date arrives. However, leaving your child with a nonparent for an extended time may impact your parental rights. We advise speaking with a lawyer before making any decisions. The agreement will allow the chosen nonparent to consent to medical treatment, get insurance for your child, enroll them in school or daycare, consent to extracurricular activities, and much more.

3. Guardianship – Full or Limited

Guardianship allows a court-appointed guardian to become the legal caregiver, with a legal obligation to care for the child. Guardianship does not end your parental rights, but it suspends them. Limited guardianship only allows the guardian to make decisions specified by the court.

4. Power of Attorney & Durable Power of Attorney

This option gives someone the authority to make decisions on behalf of your child, such as medical or educational decisions. You can designate which areas the Power of Attorney applies to. However, this option can be more complex, so you may want to explore other options first.

Additionally, if your child was born in the U.S., you might consider registering their birth with your country's government, which could provide them benefits, including citizenship.

Talk to Your Family About Your Plan

It's essential to discuss your plan with your family so everyone is on the same page. Reassure your children that if something happens, they will be cared for and that someone will be taking care of them. Let them know who that person is, and make sure they memorize this person's phone number and know who can or cannot pick them up from school.

Choosing Who Will Care for Your Child If You Can't

Ideally, the person you choose should be a U.S. citizen or someone with immigration status who is not at risk of detention or deportation. Make sure this person understands your plan and has access to all necessary documents. They should also be listed as an emergency contact.

Your child's school will only release them to adults you designate. Be sure to regularly update emergency contact lists with schools, daycare, and other programs. If you have a restraining order against anyone, provide a copy to the school. Ensure that the person(s) designated to care for your child has updated information on your child's school and location and provide them with relevant information about your child.

Write Down Important Medical Information

List any medical conditions, allergies, medications, and doctor or insurance details. Keep a copy in your important documents and provide a copy to your child's school and caretaker. Make sure your children know where to find this information.

Ensure Your Children Have Passports

If your child was born in the U.S., check www.travel.state.gov for information on obtaining a U.S. passport. If your child was born in your home country, contact your embassy or consulate for passport information.

Inform Family and Emergency Contacts About How to Find You If Detained by ICE

Your family can use the ICE detainee locator: <https://locator.ice.gov/odls/homePage.do>. Ensure your family and emergency contacts have your A-Number (alien registration number from your ICE documents).

Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative or Voluntary Caregiver Frequently Asked Questions

Who completes and signs the Authorization Agreement?

At least one parent and the chosen nonparent must both sign the authorization form. The agreement will last until it is canceled in writing or the set expiration date passes. Have the form filled out, but don't sign and date it. Only sign and date it if/when it is needed in the event you are detained or deported. Keep a copy of the form for yourself and give a copy to the caregiver, the child's other parent, your child's school, and medical provider in the event you are detained or deported.

Who can serve as a caregiver?

Any person who is over the age of 18 – relative or nonrelative – who you trust. Ideally, you want to choose someone who is not at risk of deportation such as a legal permanent resident or a U.S. citizen.

What does the Authorization Agreement do?

This form grants the chosen caregiver to:

- Consent to medical treatment for the child;
- Get insurance for the child;
- Enroll the child in school or daycare;
- Consent to extracurricular activities;
- Consent to the child getting a driver's license or state identification card;
- Consent to the child getting a job;
- Apply for and receive public benefits on behalf of the child;
- Get copies of the child's state-issued personal identification documents, such as the birth certificate; and
- Get copies of federally issued personal identification documents such as the social security card (to the extent authorized under federal law).

Does the Authorization Agreement need to be notarized?

This form does need to be notarized. Be sure the entire form is filled out with both the parent and the chosen caregiver present in front of a notary.

Does the Authorization Agreement expire?

Yes, this form expires when it passes the set expiration date set by the parent or can be canceled in writing by the parent and/or the chosen caregiver.

What Steps Should I Take if I want to Fill Out an Authorization Agreement?

First, think about who a good option for would be to help care for your child. Choose someone you trust will carry out your wishes for your children and who is not at risk of deportation or being detained.

Where Can I Find the Authorization Agreement Form?

The form is attached at the end of this packet for you to print and fill out.

Or you can find it using this link: [Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative or Voluntary Caregiver](#)

Step 2: Explore Your Immigration Options

Schedule a consultation with our office or find a local nonprofit legal service organization.

What You Can Do Now to Protect Yourself and Your Family

- If you have a legal permanent resident card, find out if you can become a U.S. citizen.
- If you're on a visa, determine if you can get a legal permanent resident card.
- If you don't have immigration status, explore options for a visa or work permit.
- If you have arrests or convictions, find out how they could affect you and see if you can have them removed from your record.
- Learn what to do if approached or questioned by ICE. If you're detained or in deportation proceedings, request a hearing to fight deportation and seek release from detention.

Protect Your Family in the U.S.

The Immigration Advocates Network's National Immigration Legal Services Directory can connect you with local nonprofit organizations that offer low-cost or free help. Find the directory here: <https://www.immigrationadvocates.org/nonprofit/legaldirectory/>.

Search online and stay updated on workshops and events that can help you with your immigration case.

Don't Fall Victim to Fraud!

Be cautious—only a licensed attorney is qualified to assist with your immigration case. If you suspect fraud, report it to your consulate, the police, or the Federal Trade Commission at 877-FTC-HELP (877-382-4357). Visit [Stop Notario Fraud](#) for more resources.

Do not hire anyone who:

- Refuses to provide a written contract
- Charges for blank immigration forms
- Promises a good result due to special connections in immigration
- Pretends to be a lawyer or bonded immigration consultant
- Asks you to lie on forms or sign blank documents
- Charges for “getting on a waiting list” or “putting your application in line” (there is no list or line!)

Step 3: Know Your Rights

Everyone in the U.S. has rights, weather they are documented or undocumented. In this section, we will tell you what to do if ICE or an immigration officer approaches you. Be sure you and your family are prepared and know what to do in these situations.

If ICE Is at Your Door

- **Do NOT open the door for any immigration or police officers without a signed warrant.** You are not required to open the door unless the officer has a warrant signed by a judge with your correct name and address on it. If they have one, ask them to slide it under the door or show it through the window to check if it's correct before opening the door. Once you open the door, you lose certain rights.
- **Keep a “Know Your Rights” red card on you and by your door at all times.** Make sure everyone in your family has one as well. You can show this to the officer through the window, slide it under the door, or read it to them yourself. At the end of this package are extra cards you can print out for yourself and your family

Usted tiene derechos constitucionales:

- NO ABRA LA PUERTA si un agente de inmigración está tocando la puerta.
- NO CONTESTE NINGUNA PREGUNTA de un agente de inmigración si el trata de hablar con usted. Usted tiene el derecho de mantenerse callado.
- NO FIRME NADA sin antes hablar con un abogado. Usted tiene el derecho de hablar con un abogado.
- ENTREGUE ESTA TARJETA AL AGENTE. Si usted está dentro de su casa, muestre la tarjeta por la ventana o pásela debajo de la puerta
- Si usted está afuera de su casa, pregunte al agente si es libre para irse y si dice que sí, váyase con tranquilidad.

214-631-3500



WWW.BELINDAARROYOLAWOFFICE.COM

I do not wish to speak with you, answer your questions, or sign or hand you any documents based on my 5th Amendment rights under the United States Constitution.

I do not give you permission to enter my home based on my 4th Amendment rights under the United States Constitution unless you have a warrant to enter, signed by a judge or magistrate with my name on it that you slide under the door.

I do not give you permission to search any of my belongings based on my 4th Amendment rights. I choose to exercise my constitutional rights.

These cards are available to citizens and noncitizens alike.

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Talking to ICE Officers

- **You do NOT have to talk to ICE or answer their questions! You have the constitutional right to remain silent.** You can simply tell them “I want to remain silent until I speak to a lawyer.” Don’t answer any questions they ask, especially if they ask about where you were born, your immigration status, or how you entered the U.S. Don’t give them any personal information about you or anyone in your family. Have everyone practice saying “No.”
- **You have the right to refuse to sign anything before you speak to a lawyer.** Don’t sign anything you don’t understand and agree with. If you do, you may take away your right to speak to a lawyer or have a hearing in front of an immigration judge. You could be immediately deported without a hearing.
- **Ask to speak to a lawyer and to have a hearing before an immigration judge, you have the right to do so.** You have the right to speak to a lawyer and the right to make a phone call. Make sure to always memorize or carry with you the phone numbers of the person you will call your immigration attorney, and access all of your important documents.

Other Resources

- **Your Country's Consulate:** Many consulates have an emergency number for cases where you need immediate assistance from the consulate. Have that number written down in case ICE detains you. Keep the contact details for your country's closest consulate. Write this down so you can easily access it if ICE detains you.
- **Know Your Rights Materials and Other Resources:** There are a lot of resources available to teach you about your rights. Here are a few resources below:
 - Informed Immigrant: <https://www.informedimmigrant.com/>
 - Immigrant Legal Resources Center): <https://www.ilrc.org/community-resources>
 - National Immigration Law Center): <https://www.nilc.org/>

Documents You Should and Should Not Carry

- Keep a valid work permit or green card on hand, if available. If you do not have one, it's typically a good idea to have a local ID, state-issued ID, or driver's license from the U.S., provided it does not reveal your immigration status or country of origin. For further details, contact us to learn about which documents are advisable to carry in your location.
- Carry a red card to assert your right to remain silent if you are questioned or detained by law enforcement or immigration authorities.
- Have the contact information of someone who can take action on your behalf, reach out to your immigration lawyer, and access your essential documents in case of an emergency.
- Avoid carrying any paperwork that reveals your country of origin.
- Do not possess any fraudulent identity or immigration documents.

Know Your Rights Red Cards

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- NO CONTESTE NINGUNA PREGUNTA de un agente de inmigración si el trata de hablar con usted. Usted tiene el derecho de mantenerse callado.
- NO FIRME NADA sin antes hablar con un abogado. Usted tiene el derecho de hablar con un abogado.
- ENTREGUE ESTA TARJETA AL AGENTE. Si usted está dentro de su casa, muestre la tarjeta por la ventana o pásela debajo de la puerta
- Si usted está afuera de su casa, pregunte al agente si es libre para irse y si dice que sí, váyase con tranquilidad.

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I do not wish to speak with you, answer your questions, or sign or hand you any documents based on my 5th Amendment rights under the United States Constitution.

I do not give you permission to enter my home based on my 4th Amendment rights under the United States Constitution unless you have a warrant to enter, signed by a judge or magistrate with my name on it that you slide under the door.

I do not give you permission to search any of my belongings based on my 4th Amendment rights. I choose to exercise my constitutional rights.

These cards are available to citizens and noncitizens alike.

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Children's Important Information

Keep this information so those you designate to care for your children in your absence have all of the information they need.

Child's Name	
Date of Birth	
Child's Cell Phone Number	
School	
School Address	
School Phone Number	
Teacher's Name	
Classroom Number	
Afterschool Program	
Afterschool Program Phone Number	
Other Camp/Sports/Program	
Other Camp/Sports/Program Phone Number	
Allergies	
Medical Conditions	
Medications	
Doctor's Phone Number	
Doctor's Address	
Health Insurance	

Emergency Numbers and Important Contact Information

Keep this information in one place so that you and your family can access it easily.

Emergency Numbers	
Immediate Emergency	911
Police Department	
Fire Department	
Poison Control	
Family Contacts	
Mother/Parent/Guardian	
Home Phone	
Cell Phone	
Work Address	
Work Phone	
Father/Parent/Guardian	
Home Phone	
Cell Phone	
Work Address	
Work Phone	

Other Emergency Contact & Relationship	
Cell Phone	
Other Emergency Contact & Relationship	
Cell Phone	
Other Emergency Contact & Relationship	
Cell Phone	

Miscellaneous Contacts	
Doctor	
Phone Number	
Health Insurance Company	
Policy Number	
Pediatrician	
Phone Number	
Health Insurance Company	
Policy Number	
Dentist	
Phone Number	
Dental Insurance Company	
Policy Number	
Car Make/Model	
License Plate Number	
Car Insurance Company	
Insurance Policy Number	
Phone Number	
Consulate	
Address	
Phone Number	
Attorney/Nonprofit Legal Services Provider	
Address	
Phone Number	
Church/Temple/Mosque/Place of Worship	
Address	
Phone Number	

File of Important Documents

Keep a file of all these documents or a copy of these documents in a safe place. Tell your children, family members and emergency caregivers where to find this file in an emergency.

- ☐ Passports
- ☐ Birth Certificates
- ☐ Marriage License (if applicable)
- ☐ Authorization Agreement for Nonparent Relative or Voluntary Caregiver
- ☐ Any Restraining Orders you may have against anyone (if applicable)
- ☐ A-Number and any immigration documents (work permit, green card, visa, etc.)
- ☐ Documents demonstrating your residence in the U.S. and amount of time you have been physically present in the U.S.
- ☐ Driver's License and/or other identification cards
- ☐ Social Security Card or ITIN number
- ☐ Registry of birth (for U.S. born children registered in parent's home country, if applicable)
- ☐ Important Children's Information
- ☐ Emergency Numbers and Important Contact Information
- ☐ Children's medical information, including health insurance, medication lists, and doctor's contact information\
- ☐ Any other documents you would want to be able to quickly find



AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT FOR VOLUNTARY ADULT CAREGIVER

Revised
October 2017
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This authorization agreement is made in conformance with Chapter 34 of the Texas Family Code concerning the following Child:

Child's Full Name:
Date of Birth:

Parent completing this form:

Full Name:
Physical Address:
Telephone Number:
Other contact information:

Child's other parent:

Full Name:
Physical Address:
Telephone Number:
Other contact information:

Parent voluntarily authorizes the following adult caregiver or Parental Child Safety Placement voluntary caregiver to make certain decisions regarding the child, as listed on the next page of this authorization agreement.

Name:
Relationship to Child (check one): Adult Caregiver ☐ Parental Child Safety Placement Voluntary Caregiver in accordance with Child Protective Services if requirements of Texas Family Code, Subchapter L are met ☐
Physical Address:
Telephone Number:
Other contact information:

PARENT AND VOLUNTARY ADULT CAREGIVER UNDERSTAND THAT THEY ARE
REQUIRED BY LAW TO IMMEDIATELY PROVIDE EACH OTHER WITH INFORMATION
REGARDING ANY CHANGE IN THE OTHER PARTY'S ADDRESS OR CONTACT
INFORMATION.



AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT FOR VOLUNTARY ADULT CAREGIVER

Revised
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Parent authorizes the above named voluntary adult caregiver to perform the following acts in regard to the child and the voluntary adult caregiver assumes the responsibility of performing these functions (strike through any that do not apply):

- (1) To authorize medical, dental, psychological, surgical treatment, and immunization of the child, including executing any consents or authorizations for the release of information as required by law relating to the treatment or immunization;
- (2) To obtain and maintain health insurance coverage for the child and automobile insurance coverage for the child, if appropriate;
- (3) To enroll the child in a day-care program or public or private preschool, primary or secondary school;
- (4) To authorize the child to participate in age-appropriate extracurricular, civic, social, or recreational activities, including athletic activities;
- (5) To authorize the child to obtain a learner's permit, driver's license, or state-issued identification card;
- (6) To authorize employment of the child;
- (7) To apply for and receive public benefits on behalf of the child; and
- (8) To obtain copies or originals of state-issued personal identification documents for the child, including the child's birth certificate; and to the extent authorized under federal law, copies or originals of federally issued personal identification documents for the child, including the child's social security card.

This authorization agreement does not confer on the voluntary adult caregiver of the child the right to authorize the performance of an abortion on the child or the administration of emergency contraception to the child.

To the best of the parent's and voluntary adult caregiver's knowledge (check if applicable):

☐ **This child is not the subject of a current (pre-existing) valid authorization agreement, and no parent, guardian, custodian, licensed child-placing agency or other agency makes any claim to actual physical possession or care, custody or control of the child that is inconsistent with this authorization agreement.**

To the best of the parent's and the voluntary adult caregiver's knowledge (choose one from below):

☐ **THERE IS NO COURT INVOLVEMENT WITH THIS CHILD**

All of the following statements must apply:

There is no court order or pending suit affecting the parent-child relationship concerning the child.

There is no pending litigation in any court concerning custody, possession, or placement of the child or access to or visitation with the child.

The court does not have continuing jurisdiction concerning the child.

☐ **THIS CHILD HAS BEEN THE SUBJECT OF A COURT ACTION**

The court with continuing jurisdiction concerning the child has given written approval for the execution of the authorization agreement accompanied by the following information:

The county in which the court is located;

The number of the court; and

The cause number in which the order was issued or the litigation is pending.

Please staple a copy of the court's order to this agreement.



AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT FOR VOLUNTARY ADULT CAREGIVER

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WARNINGS AND DISCLOSURES

This authorization agreement is an important legal document. The parent and the voluntary adult caregiver must read all of the warnings and disclosures before signing this authorization agreement.

The parent and voluntary adult caregiver are not required to consult an attorney but are advised to do so.

A parent's rights as a parent may be adversely affected by placing or leaving the parent's child with another person.

This authorization agreement does not confer on the voluntary adult caregiver the rights of a managing or possessory conservator or legal guardian.

A parent who is a party to this authorization agreement may terminate the authorization agreement and resume custody, possession, care, and control of the child on demand and at any time the parent may request the return of the child.

Failure by the voluntary adult caregiver to return the child to the parent immediately on request may have criminal and civil consequences.

Under other applicable law, the voluntary adult caregiver may be liable for certain expenses relating to the child in the voluntary caregiver's care, but the parent still retains the parental obligation to support the child.

In certain circumstances, this authorization agreement may not be entered into without written permission of the court. Examples of when court permission must be granted include when a court has entered a previous order granting custody or establishing a child support obligation.

This authorization agreement may be terminated by certain court orders affecting the child.

This authorization agreement does not supersede, invalidate, or terminate any prior authorization agreement regarding the child.

This authorization agreement is void if a prior authorization agreement regarding the child is in effect and has not expired or been terminated.

This authorization agreement does not confer on the voluntary adult caregiver of the child the right to authorize the performance of an abortion on the child or the administration of emergency contraception to the child.



AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT FOR VOLUNTARY ADULT CAREGIVER

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MAILING REQUIREMENTS:

When both parents do not sign the parent authorization agreement, a copy of the agreement **MUST** be mailed to the non-signing parent at the parent's last known address, unless that parent is deceased or has had his or her parental rights terminated. This authorization agreement **is void** unless not later than the 10th day after the date the authorization agreement is signed:

1. The parties mail one copy of this agreement by certified mail, return receipt requested, or international registered mail, return receipt requested, as applicable, to the non-signing parent; and
2. The parties mail one copy of the agreement by first class mail or international first class mail, as applicable to the non-signing parent.

A party to the authorization agreement shall immediately inform each other party of any change in the party's address or contact information. If a party fails to comply with this subsection, the authorization agreement is voidable by the other party.

EXCEPTION TO MAILING REQUIREMENTS:

If a parent who did not sign the authorization agreement **does not have court-ordered possession of or access to the child who is the subject of the agreement**, the parent who is a party to the agreement does not have to mail a copy of the agreement to the non-signing parent if either of the following circumstances applies:

1. A protective order has been issued against the non-signing parent as provided under Chapter 85 of the Texas Family Code or under a similar law of another state for committing an act of family violence (as defined by Section 71.004 of the Texas Family Code) against the parent who signed the agreement or any child of the parent who signed the agreement; or
2. The non-signing parent has been convicted of any of the following criminal offenses against the parent who signed the agreement or any child of the parent who signed the agreement:
any offense under Title 5 of the Texas Penal Code (including murder, homicide, kidnapping, assault and sexual assault); or
any other criminal offense in Texas or any other state if the offense involves a violent act or prohibited sexual conduct.

TERM OF AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT

This authorization agreement is for a term of:

- six months from the date the parties enter into the agreement, and will renew automatically for six-month terms unless the agreement is terminated by any of the circumstances provided in Section 34.008 of the Texas Family Code; or
- the time provided in the agreement with a specific expiration date earlier than six months after the date the parties enter into the agreement.

If the parent does not want the agreement to last for six months and renew automatically for six-month terms after that, the parent must identify the circumstances under which the authorization agreement may be terminated (as provided by Section 34.008) before the term of the agreement expires; or continued beyond the term of the agreement by a court (as provided by Section 34.008(b)). Note: See last page of form for full text of Section 34.008 regarding terminating or revoking the agreement

If the parent wishes the agreement to expire at a date earlier than six months from the date the parties enter into the agreement, indicate the date the agreement is to expire: _____

If applicable, state circumstances to terminate the agreement before the expiration date:



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By signing below, parent and the voluntary adult caregiver acknowledge that they have each read this authorization agreement carefully, are entering into the authorization agreement voluntarily, and have read and understand all of the Warnings and Disclosures included in this authorization agreement.

PARENT

Printed name: _____

SUBSCRIBED AND ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE ME on this ____ day of _____, 20____.

Notary Public in and for the State of TEXAS

PARENT**

Printed name: _____

SUBSCRIBED AND ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE ME on this ____ day of _____, 20____.

Notary Public in and for the State of TEXAS

VOLUNTARY ADULT CAREGIVER

Printed name: _____

SUBSCRIBED AND ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE ME on this ____ day of _____, 20____.

Notary Public in and for the State of TEXAS



AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT FOR VOLUNTARY ADULT CAREGIVER

Revised
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Important statutory provisions Texas Family Code (as of September 1, 2017)

Statute:

Sec. 34.0075 TERM OF AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT

An authorization agreement executed under this chapter is for a term of six months from the date the parties enter into the agreement and renews automatically for six-month terms unless:

- (1) an earlier expiration date is stated in the authorization agreement;
- (2) the authorization agreement is terminated as provided by Section 34.008; or
- (3) a court authorizes the continuation of the agreement as provided by Section 34.008(b).

Sec. 34.008. TERMINATION OF AUTHORIZATION AGREEMENT

(a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), an authorization agreement under this chapter terminates if, after the execution of the authorization agreement, a court enters an order:

- (1) affecting the parent-child relationship;
- (2) concerning custody, possession, or placement of the child;
- (3) concerning access to or visitation with the child; or
- (4) regarding the appointment of a guardian for the child under Subchapter B, Chapter 1104, Estates Code.

(b) An authorization agreement may continue after a court order described by Subsection (a) is entered if the court entering the order gives written permission.

(c) An authorization agreement under this chapter terminates on written revocation by a party to the authorization agreement if the party:

- (1) gives each party written notice of the revocation;
- (2) files the written revocation with the clerk of the county in which:
 - (A) the child resides;
 - (B) the child resided at the time the authorization agreement was executed; or
 - (C) the adult caregiver resides; and
- (3) files the written revocation with the clerk of each court:
 - (A) that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the child;
 - (B) in which there is a court order or pending suit affecting the parent-child relationship concerning the child;
 - (C) in which there is pending litigation concerning:
 - (i) custody, possession, or placement of the child; or
 - (ii) access to or visitation with the child; or
 - (D) that has entered an order regarding the appointment of a guardian for the child under Subchapter B, Chapter 1104, Estates Code.

(e) If both parents have signed the authorization agreement, either parent may revoke the authorization agreement without the other parent's consent.

(f) Execution of a subsequent authorization agreement does not by itself supersede, invalidate, or terminate a prior authorization agreement.